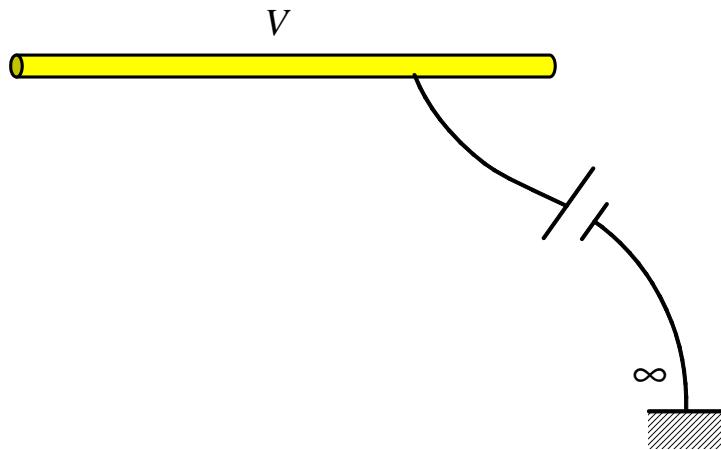


モーメント法による導体棒上の電荷分布の解析 (パルス展開ポイントマッチング法)

Mathematica6
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シンプソンの公式で数値積分する関数を定義 (汎関数バージョン)

```
In[1]:= simpI[f_, {ξ_, a_, b_}, n_] := Module[{h = (b - a) / (2 * n), x, i},
  x[i_] := a + h * i;
  
$$\frac{h}{3} \left( (f /. \{\xi \rightarrow x[0]\}) + 4 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (f /. \{\xi \rightarrow x[2*i-1]\}) + \right.$$

  
$$\left. 2 \sum_{i=2}^n (f /. \{\xi \rightarrow x[2*i-2]\}) + (f /. \{\xi \rightarrow x[2*n]\}) \right) // N
];$$

```

Parameters of a Wire

```
In[2]:= l = 1.0; (* ワイヤー長 *)
a = 0.001; (* ワイヤー半径 *)
volt = 1.; (* ワイヤー電位 *)
nn = 30; (* 分割数, unknown の数 *)

$$\epsilon = 8.854 \times 10^{-12};$$

```

Analysis Start !

```

In[5]:= Module[{pos, r, r1, r2, r3, zz, vv, z, srcint, ii, curdist},
  pos[n_] :=  $\frac{1 * n}{nn} - \frac{1}{2}$ ;
  r[zo_, zs_] :=  $\sqrt{a^2 + (zo - zs)^2}$ ;
  zz[m_, n_] := simpI[ $\frac{1}{4 * \pi * \epsilon * r[\frac{1}{2} (pos[m - 1] + pos[m]), zs]}$ , {zs, pos[n - 1], pos[n]}, 10];
  vv[i_] := volt;

  Print["***** Now Making Z Matrix... *****"];
  zmat = Table[zz[i, j], {i, 1, nn}, {j, 1, nn}];

  Print["***** Now Making V Matrix... *****"];
  vmat = Table[vv[i], {i, 1, nn}]; qmat = Table[qq[i], {i, 1, nn}];

  Print["***** Now Solving Linear Equations... *****"];
  qmat = qmat /. Solve[zmat.qmat == vmat, qmat];
  qdist = Table[{ $\frac{1}{2} * (pos[i - 1] + pos[i])$ , qmat[[1]][i] * 1012}, {i, 1, nn}];

  Module[{curamp, curph}, graphicsqdist = ListPlot[qdist, Joined → True,
    PlotStyle → {Red, AbsoluteThickness[2]}, PlotRange → {0, 14}, Frame → True, FrameLabel →
    {"Position (m)", "Line charge density (pC/m)"}, DisplayFunction → Identity];
  Show[{graphicsqdist}]]
]

```

***** Now Making Z Matrix... *****

***** Now Making V Matrix... *****

***** Now Solving Linear Equations... *****

